

LPL FINANCIAL HOLDINGS, INC. Q3 2021 EARNINGS KEY METRICS

October 28, 2021

Notice to Investors: Safe Harbor Statement

Statements in this presentation regarding LPL Financial Holdings Inc.'s (together with its subsidiaries, the "Company") future financial and operating results, growth, priorities, business strategies and outlook, including forecasts and statements relating to the Company's future advisory and brokerage asset levels and mix, organic asset growth, deposit betas, Core G&A* expenses (including outlook for 2021), Gross Profit* benefits, EBITDA* benefits, payout ratio, client cash balances and yields, transaction and fee revenue, investments, capital returns, planned share repurchases and the expected benefits and costs of the acquisition of Waddell & Reed's wealth management business (the "Waddell & Reed Acquisition"), as well as any other statements that are not related to present facts or current conditions or that are not purely historical. constitute forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are based on the Company's historical performance and its plans, estimates and expectations as of October 28, 2021. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees that the future results, plans, intentions or expectations expressed or implied by the Company will be achieved. Matters subject to forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties, including economic, legislative, regulatory, competitive and other factors, which may cause actual financial or operating results, levels of activity or the timing of events to be materially different from those expressed or implied by forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include: the spread of COVID-19 and its direct and indirect effects on global economic and financial conditions; changes in interest rates and fees payable by banks participating in the Company's client cash programs; the Company's strategy and success in managing client cash program fees; changes in general economic and financial market conditions, including retail investor sentiment; fluctuations in the levels of advisory and brokerage assets, including net new assets, and the related impact on revenue; the effects of competition in the financial services industry; the success of the Company in attracting and retaining financial advisors and institutions, and their ability to market effectively financial products and services; whether retail investors served by newly-recruited advisors choose to move their respective assets to new accounts at the Company; changes in the growth and profitability of the Company's fee-based offerings; the effect of current, pending and future legislation, regulation and regulatory actions, including disciplinary actions imposed by federal and state regulators and self-regulatory organizations and the implementation of Regulation BI (Best Interest); the costs of settling and remediating issues related to regulatory matters or legal proceedings, including actual costs of reimbursing customers for losses in excess of the Company's reserves; changes made to the Company's services and pricing, and the effect that such changes may have on the Company's Gross Profit* streams and costs; execution of the Company's plans and its success in realizing the synergies, expense savings, service improvements and/or efficiencies expected to result from its investments, initiatives, acquisitions and programs; the successful onboarding of advisors and client assets in connection with the Waddell & Reed Acquisition; and the other factors set forth in Part I, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in the Company's 2020 Annual Report on Form 10-K, as may be amended or updated in the Company's Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q or other filings with the SEC. Except as required by law, the Company specifically disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking statements as a result of developments occurring after October 28, 2021, even if its estimates change, and statements contained herein are not to be relied upon as representing the Company's views as of any date subsequent to October 28, 2021.

Notice to Investors: Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Management believes that presenting certain non-GAAP financial measures by excluding or including certain items can be helpful to investors and analysts who may wish to use some or all of this information to analyze the Company's current performance, prospects and valuation. Management uses this non-GAAP information internally to evaluate operating performance and in formulating the budget for future periods. Management believes that the non-GAAP financial measures and metrics discussed herein are appropriate for evaluating the performance of the Company. **Specific Non-GAAP financial measures have been marked with an asterisk (*) within this presentation. Reconciliations and calculations of such measures can be found in the appendix of this presentation.**

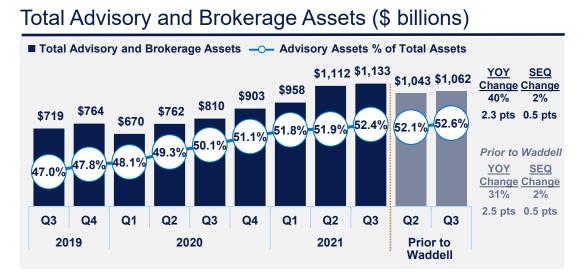
EPS prior to amortization of intangible assets and acquisition costs is defined as adjusted net income, a non-GAAP measure defined as net income plus the after-tax impact of amortization of intangible assets and acquisition costs, divided by the weighted average number of diluted shares outstanding for the applicable period. The Company presents adjusted net income and EPS prior to amortization of intangible assets and acquisition costs because management believes the metrics can provide investors with useful insight into the Company's core operating performance by excluding non-cash items and acquisition costs that management does not believe impact the Company's ongoing operations. Adjusted net income and EPS prior to amortization of intangible assets and acquisition costs are not measures of the Company's financial performance under GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to net income, earnings per diluted share or any other performance measure derived in accordance with GAAP. For a reconciliation of net income and EPS prior to amortization of intangible assets and acquisition costs, please see the appendix of this presentation.

Gross profit is calculated as total revenues less advisory and commission expenses and brokerage, clearing and exchange fees ("BC&E"). All other expense categories, including depreciation and amortization of fixed assets and amortization of intangible assets, are considered general and administrative in nature. Because the Company's gross profit amounts do not include any depreciation and amortization expense, the Company considers its gross profit amounts to be non-GAAP measures that may not be comparable to those of others in its industry. Management believes that gross profit amounts can provide investors with useful insight into the Company's core operating performance before indirect costs that are general and administrative in nature. For a calculation of gross profit, please see the appendix of this presentation.

Core G&A consists of total operating expenses less the following expenses: advisory and commission, regulatory charges, promotional, employee share-based compensation, depreciation and amortization, amortization of intangible assets, BC&E, and acquisition costs. Management presents Core G&A because it believes Core G&A reflects the corporate operating expense categories over which management can generally exercise a measure of control, compared with expense items over which management either cannot exercise control, such as advisory and commission expenses, or which management views as promotional expense necessary to support advisor growth and retention, including conferences and transition assistance. Core G&A is not a measure of the Company's total operating expenses as calculated in accordance with GAAP. For a reconciliation of Core G&A to the Company's total operating expenses, please see the appendix of this presentation. The Company does not provide an outlook for its total operating expenses because it contains expense components, such as advisory and commission expenses, that are market-driven and over which the Company cannot exercise control. Accordingly, a reconciliation of the Company's outlook for Core G&A to an outlook for total operating expenses cannot be made available without unreasonable effort.

EBITDA is defined as net income plus interest and other expense, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization, and amortization of intangible assets. During the third quarter of 2021, the Company changed its definition of EBITDA to include the loss on extinguishment of debt and has updated prior period disclosures to reflect this change as applicable. The Company presents EBITDA because management believes that it can be a useful financial metric in understanding the Company's earnings from operations. EBITDA is not a measure of the Company's financial performance under GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to net income or any other performance measure derived in accordance with GAAP, or as an alternative to cash flows from operating activities as a measure of profitability or liquidity. For a reconciliation of net income to EBITDA, please see the appendix of this presentation.

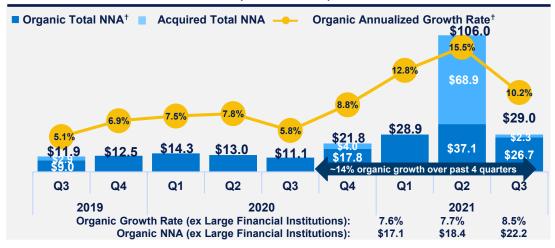
We continue to drive long-term business growth...



Recruited Assets⁽²⁾ (\$ billions)



Total Net New Assets⁽¹⁾ (\$ billions)



AUM Retention Rate⁽³⁾ (Quarterly Annualized)



⁺ Waddell & Reed assets and net new assets were not included in organic net new assets or in the calculation of organic net new asset annualized growth rates as we completed Waddell & Reed onboarding during Q3. Starting in Q4, we will include Waddell & Reed assets and net new assets in total net new assets and in the calculation of net new asset annualized growth rates.

YOY

...And solid financial results

Gross Profit* (\$ millions)



EBITDA* as a % of Gross Profit*



586 239

EBITDA* (\$ millions)

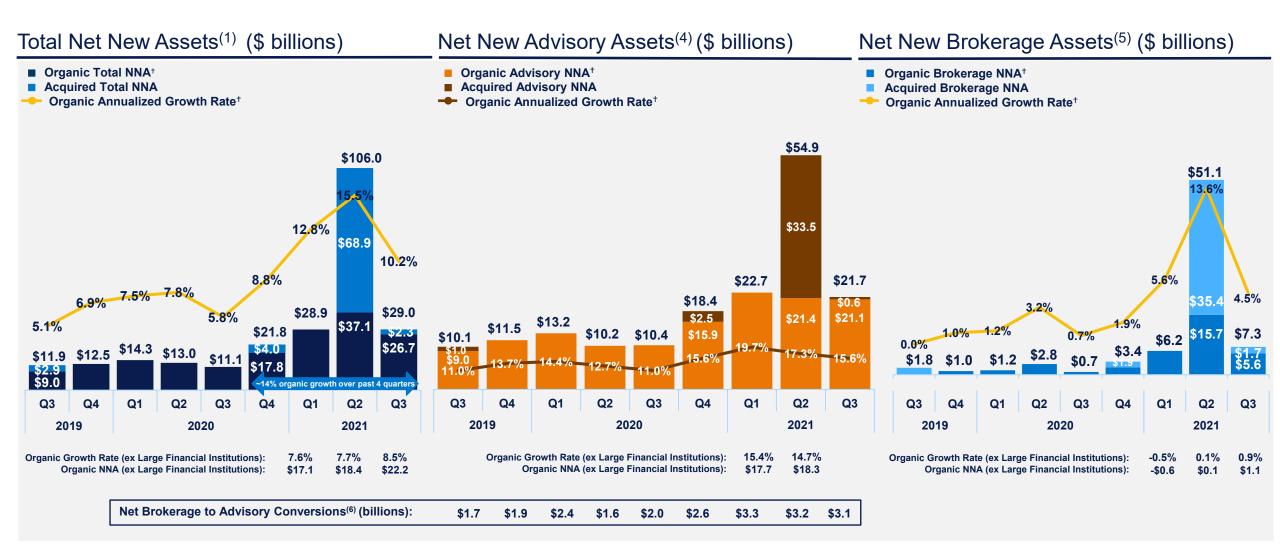
280



EPS Prior to Amortization of Intangible Assets and Acquisition Costs*



We continued to drive solid organic growth with a Net New Asset growth rate of ~10% in Q3 and ~14% for the past year

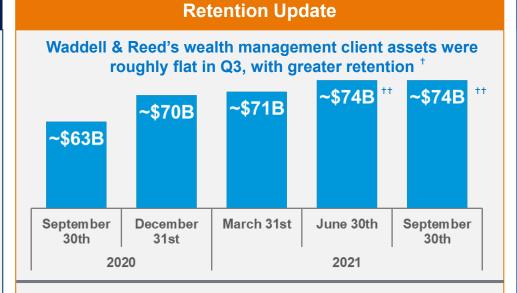


⁺ Waddell & Reed assets and net new assets were not included in organic net new assets or in the calculation of organic net new asset annualized growth rates as we completed Waddell & Reed onboarding during Q3. Starting in Q4, we will include Waddell & Reed assets and net new assets in total net new assets and in the calculation of net new asset annualized growth rates.

Waddell & Reed update: Completed onboarding with ~99% retention

Transaction Details at Signing

- On December 2nd, we signed an agreement to acquire Waddell & Reed's wealth management business
- Transaction structured primarily as an equity purchase with a price of \$300M
- Waddell & Reed's wealth management client assets were ~\$63B with asset mix of ~45% advisory and ~55% brokerage (as of September 30, 2020)
- Waddell & Reed's wealth management business had over 900 advisors, serving ~\$70M of client assets per advisor (as of September 30, 2020)



Final asset retention rate from Waddell & Reed increased to ~99% in Q3, up from an estimated ~98% in Q2







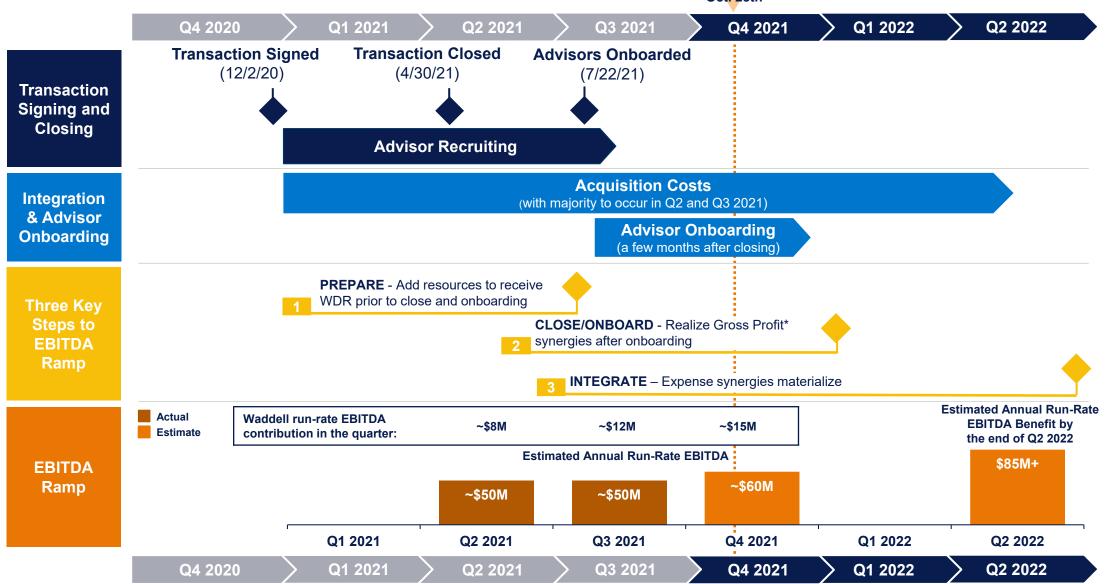
Acquisition Costs are estimated to be ~\$100M



⁺Q3 and Q4 2020 as reported by Waddell & Reed in its Earnings Release and Q1 2021 as reported by Waddell & Reed in the April press release.

++ The ~\$74B of Waddell & Reed assets includes ~\$2B of retirement assets, which LPL does not include in total asset reporting, and ~\$1B of assets that did not convert.

We estimate reaching an annual EBITDA benefit of \$85M+ by the end of Q2 2022



We continue to scale and expand our Business Solutions portfolio

1,499

Business Solutions has grown to 2,598 subscriptions, more than double a year ago Annualized revenue from Business Solutions has increased to ~\$25M

Professional Services

- Digital and employee-powered solutions that provide practice management . expertise to increase practice-level growth and operational efficiency
- Higher revenue and higher cost due to full support from a LPL team .
- Subscriptions average \$1,500+ per month .



1,099

Business Optimizers

- Digital solutions that provide risk mitigation and business continuity services to support practice operations and succession planning
- Lower revenue and lower cost since they deliver digital capabilities
- Subscriptions average **\$100+ per month**

Assurance Plan



LPL-backed succession plan to protect advisors' businesses and support their families and clients

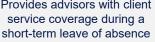


and connectivity technology to support remote operations



Comprehensive buyer and seller programs supporting all aspects of advisor practice M&A

Resilience Plan Provides advisors with client

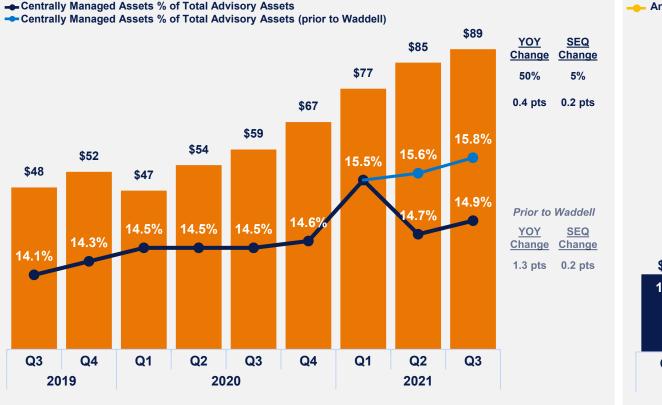




Centrally Managed Assets grew at a 18% organic growth rate in Q3

Centrally Managed Assets⁽⁷⁾ (\$ billions)

Centrally Managed Assets



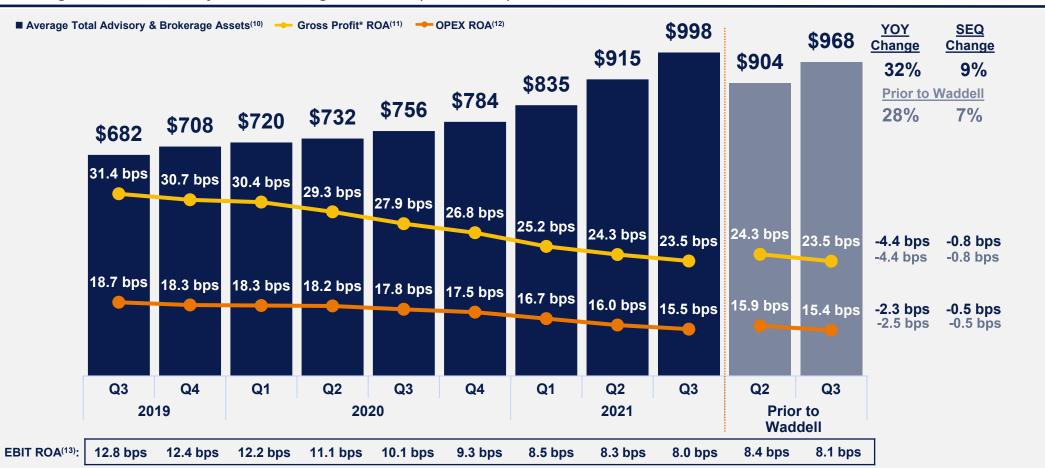
Centrally Managed Net New Assets⁽⁸⁾ (\$ billions)

Organic Centrally Managed NNA Annualized Organic Growth Rate \$7.8 \$4.0 47% \$3.9 \$2.5 \$2.3 \$2.2 \$2.0 \$1.9 21% 19% 18% 17% 17% \$1.3 14% 11% ~31% organic growth over past 4 quarters Q3 Q4 Q2 Q3 **Q1** Q4 Q2 Q3 Q1 2019 2020 2021 **Organic Growth Rate (ex Large Financial Institutions):** 20% **Organic NNA (ex Large Financial Institutions):** \$3.4

Net Buy (Sell) Activity was \$17.6 billion in Q3, while the Payout Rate was 87.1%



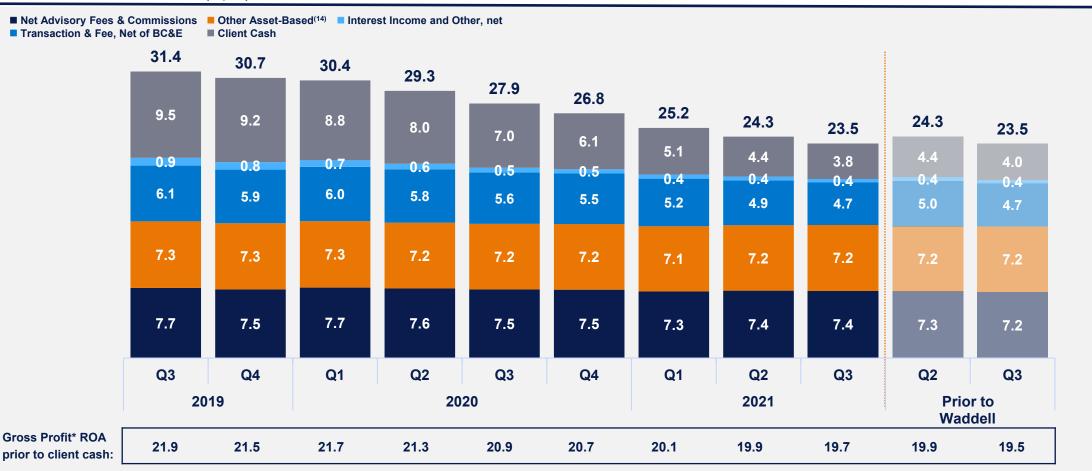
We continued to drive solid EBIT TTM ROA in Q3



Average Total Advisory & Brokerage Assets (\$ billions)

Q3 TTM Gross Profit* ROA decreased year-over-year, primarily driven by lower interest rates

Gross Profit* ROA⁽¹¹⁾ (bps)



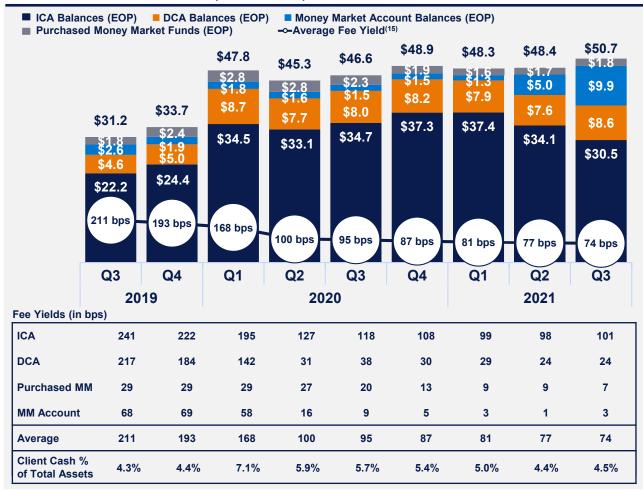
OPEX TTM ROA remained roughly flat as we grow assets and manage expenses

■ Core G&A* Promotional D&A Expense (ex Amortization of Intangible Assets) Employee Share-based Compensation Amortization of Intangible Assets Regulatory 18.7 18.3 18.3 18.2 17.8 17.5 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 16.7 0.9 1.3 0.9 1.4 1.4 16.0 15.9 1.4 0.8 1.4 15.5 0.4 15.4 1.4 0.4 0.4 0.4 **0.8** 0.5 0.4 0.4 1.4 0.5 0.8 0.4 0.4 0.4 1.4 1.4 0.4 0.4 2.9 1.4 1.4 2.9 2.9 2.9 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4 2.8 2.7 0.4 0.4 0.3 0.4 2.5 0.3 2.5 2.4 2.5 2.4 12.5 12.3 12.2 12.2 11.9 11.8 11.3 10.6 10.6 10.1 10.1 **Q**3 **Q4 Q1 Q2 Q**3 **Q4 Q1** Q2 **Q**3 **Q2** Q3 2019 2020 2021 **Prior to** Waddell

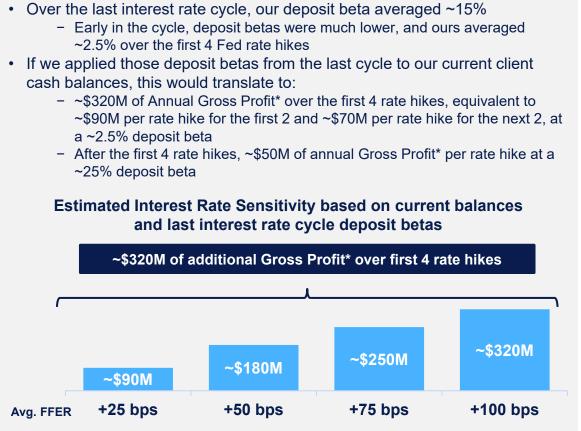
Total OPEX % of Assets⁽¹²⁾ (bps)

We are well positioned to benefit from rising interest rates on client cash balances

Client Cash balances (\$ billions)

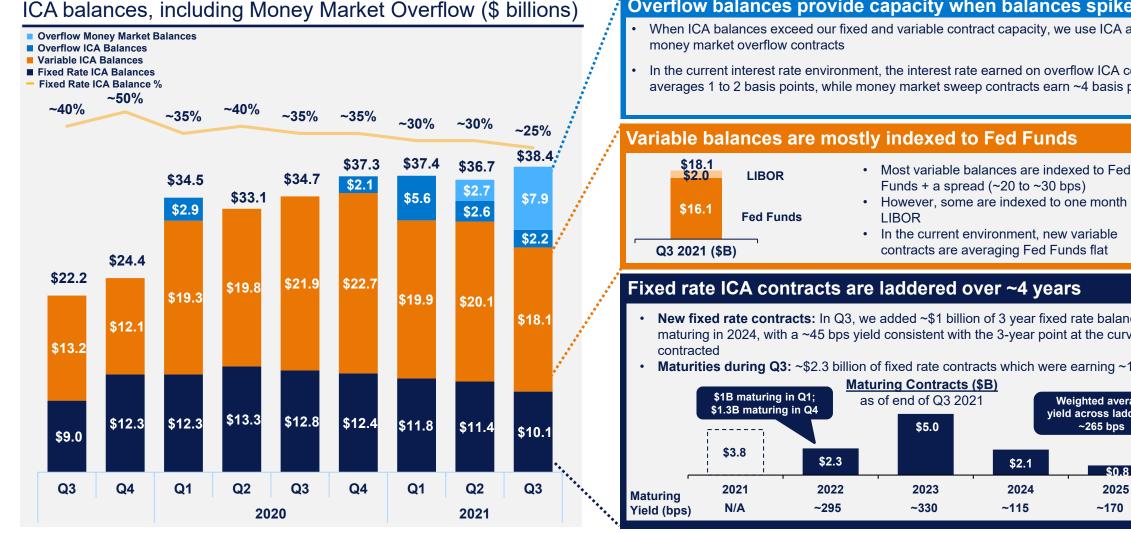


Annual potential Gross Profit* benefit from rising interest rates



Note: Assumes change based on Q3 2021 end of period ICA balances. Additionally, as money market overflow balances shift back into ICA, there would be an additional upside of ~\$20M per rate hike after the first two rate hikes at a ~2.5% deposit beta.

In Q3, we added a new ~\$1 billion fixed rate ICA contract



Overflow balances provide capacity when balances spike

When ICA balances exceed our fixed and variable contract capacity, we use ICA and

In the current interest rate environment, the interest rate earned on overflow ICA contracts averages 1 to 2 basis points, while money market sweep contracts earn ~4 basis points



Note: Yields shown on this page are prior to client deposit rates (~1 bps) and administrator fees (~4 bps). Money market sweep balances are not subject to these costs.

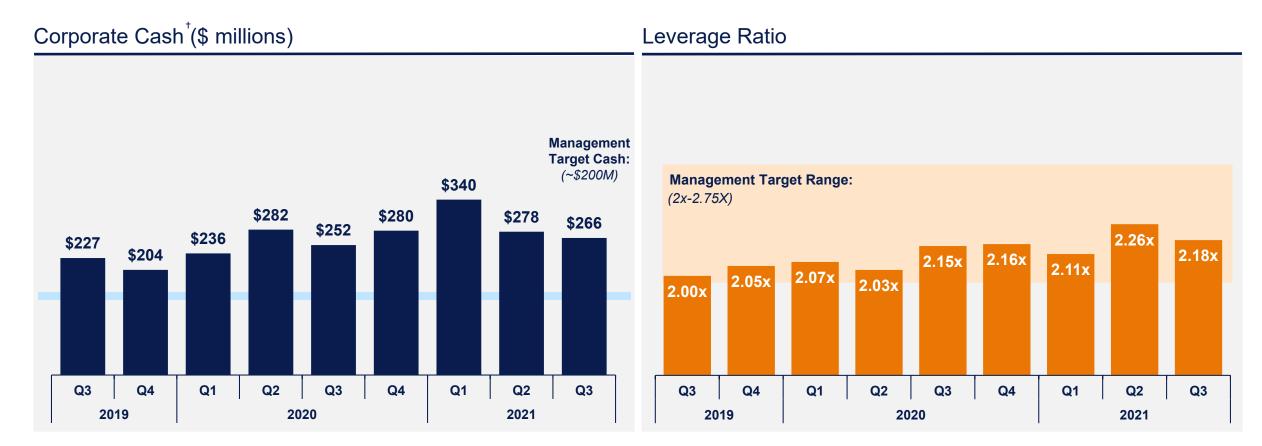
We remain focused on investing to drive organic growth while delivering long-term operating leverage in our core business

2021 Core G&A* context Long-term cost strategy • Our initial 2021 Core G&A* plans were for a range of \$975 million to \$1,000 million Deliver operating leverage in core business prior to Waddell & Reed (~5.5% to ~ 8% growth) Given strong levels of organic growth, we are tightening our Core G&A* outlook to a Prioritize investments that drive additional growth range of \$990 million to \$1,000 million, and we expect to be in the upper half of that range Additionally, now that we have onboarded Waddell & Reed, we are including those Drive productivity and efficiency costs in our overall Core G&A* outlook. We expect Waddell & Reed to add \$55 million to \$60 million of Core G&A* Adapt cost trajectory as environment evolves • As a result, our new Core G&A* outlook range is \$1,045 million to \$1,060 million Core G&A* outlook Recent expense trajectory, prior to acquisitions 2021 Outlook – prior to Annual Core G&A^{*} Growth \$990M to \$1,000M Waddell & Reed ~7% - ~8% 6.5% 6% 5% Waddell & Reed \$55M to \$60M <2% <1% 2016 2017 2018⁺ 2019[‡] 2020 2021 Outlook Prior to NPH **Prior to** prior to 2021 Outlook – including acquisitions \$1,045M to \$1,060M Waddell Waddell & Reed

17

+ Based on the Company's 2018 Core G&A* prior to NPH and AdvisoryWorld related expenses compared to the Company's 2017 Core G&A* prior to NPH-related expenses. + Based on the Company's total 2018 Core G&A*.

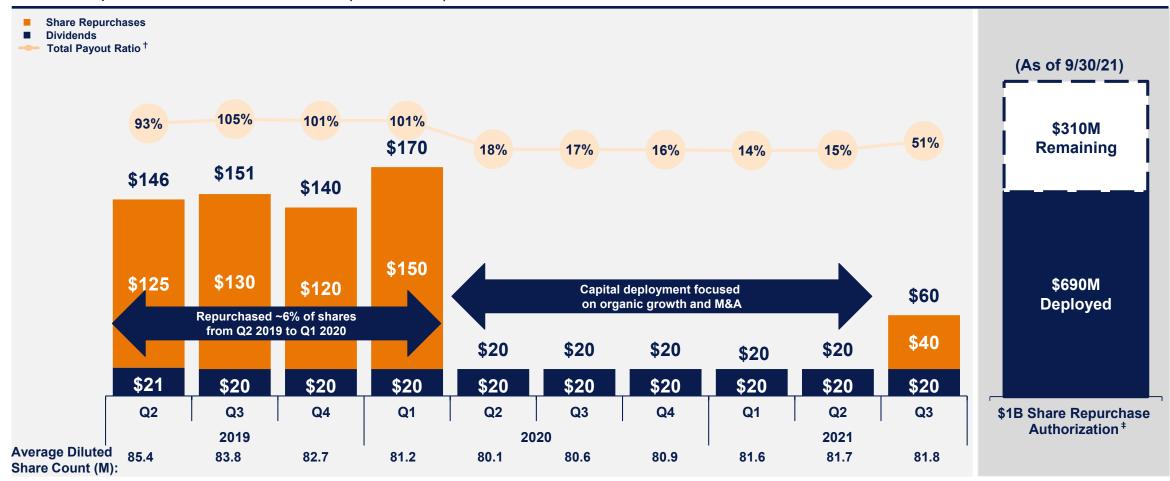
Our balance sheet remained strong in Q3...



+ We define corporate cash as the sum of cash and cash equivalents from the following: (1) cash held at LPL Holdings, Inc., (2) excess cash at LPL Financial LLC per the Credit Agreement, which is the net capital held at LPL Financial LLC in excess of 10% of its aggregate debits, or five times the net capital required in accordance with Exchange Act Rule 15c3-1, and (3) other available cash, which includes cash and cash equivalents held at the Private Trust Company, N.A. in excess of Credit Agreement capital requirements, excess cash at Waddell & Reed, LLC. per the Credit Agreement, or the net capital held in excess of 10% of its aggregate indebtedness, and cash equivalents held at non-regulated subsidiaries.

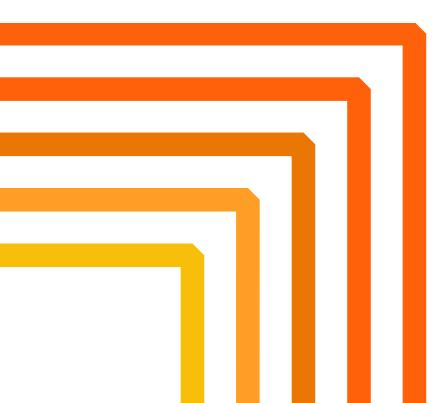
...And we restarted share repurchases in Q3, focused on offsetting dilution, with ~\$40M purchased in the quarter

Share Repurchases and Dividends (\$ millions)



+ Total Payout Ratio is defined as (Dividends + Share Repurchases) / (Net Income + Amortization of Intangible Assets, net of Tax)

+ Increased share repurchase authorization to \$1B as of December 31, 2018.



APPENDIX

Management P&L – in total, prior to Waddell, and Waddell standalone

		LPL Total		LPL prior to Wa	ddell ⁺	Waddell standalone [†]			
		Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 202		
Gross Profit*									
Advisory	\$	846 \$	960 \$	779 \$	854 \$	68 \$	106		
Sales-based commissions		250	240	241	231	9	8		
Trailing commissions		349	371	336	353	13	18		
Advisory fees and commissions		1,445	1,570	1,355	1,438	90	132		
Production based payout		(1,247)	(1,368)	(1,175)	(1,256)	(73)	(113		
Advisory fees and commissions, net of payout	:	197	202	181	183	17	19		
Client cash		90	91	90	91	-	C		
Other asset-based		189	210	181	192	8	18		
Transaction and fee		137	140	131	130	6	10		
Interest income and other, net		11	10	11	10	0	(
Total net advisory fees and commissions and									
attachment revenue		625	654	594	606	31	48		
Brokerage, clearing and exchange expense		(24)	(23)	(19)	(20)	(5)	(3		
Gross Profit*		602	631	575	586	27	45		
G&A Expense									
Core G&A		252	271	240	248	12	23		
Regulatory charges		7	6	7	6	-	-		
Promotional (ongoing) ⁽²¹⁾		64	84	57	73	7	10		
Employee share-based compensation		11	10	11	10	-	-		
Acquisition Costs ⁽²¹⁾		24	36	-	-	-	-		
Total G&A		358	406	316	337	19	33		
EBITDA*		243	225	259	249	8	12		

Note: Totals may not foot due to rounding.

[†]LPL prior to Waddell and Waddell standalone columns do not include acquisition costs.

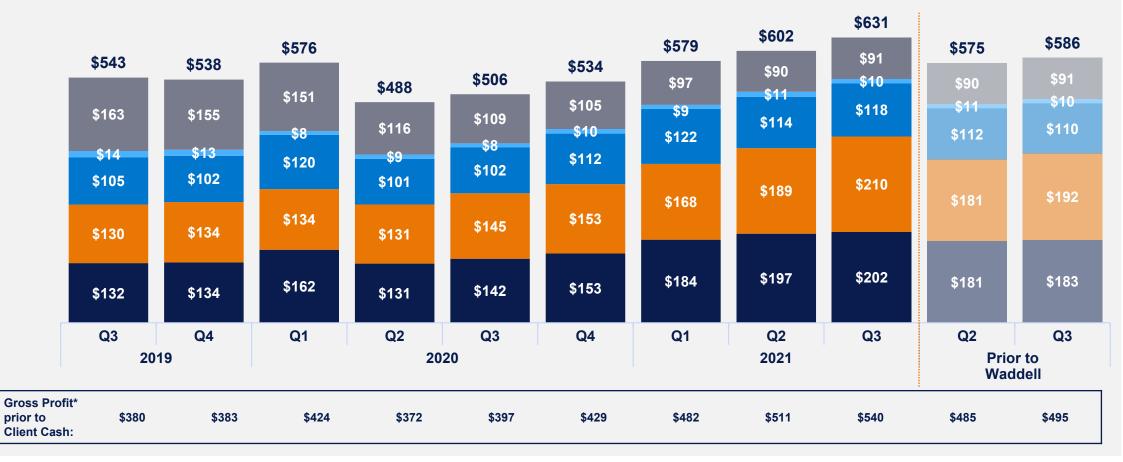
Outlook Summary

Gross Profit	 Q4 2021 Payout ratio increase of roughly 30 bps sequentially to ~87.4% Q4 2021 ICA yield decrease of ~5 bps sequentially Q4 2021 Transaction & Fee Revenue relatively in line with Q3 2021
Expenses	 Core G&A 2021 prior to Waddell & Reed of \$990M to \$1,000M 2021 for Waddell & Reed of \$55M to \$60M 2021 total of \$1,045M to \$1,060M Q4 2021 total of ~\$285M to ~\$300M Q4 2021 Promotional expense increase of a couple million sequentially
Other	 Q4 2021 Share repurchases at a similar level to Q3 2021
Waddell & Reed	 Full run-rate EBITDA benefit by the end of Q2 2022 is unchanged at \$85M+ Q4 2021 run-rate EBITDA of ~\$60M Acquisition costs unchanged at ~\$100M, including \$15M to \$20M in Q4 2021

Q3 Gross Profit* increased 5% sequentially

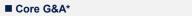
Gross Profit* (\$ millions)

Net Advisory Fees & Commissions Other Asset-Based⁽¹⁴⁾ Interest Income and Other, net Client Cash



Q3 Total OPEX increased 10% sequentially, and 25% year-overyear

Total OPEX⁽¹⁶⁾ (\$ millions)

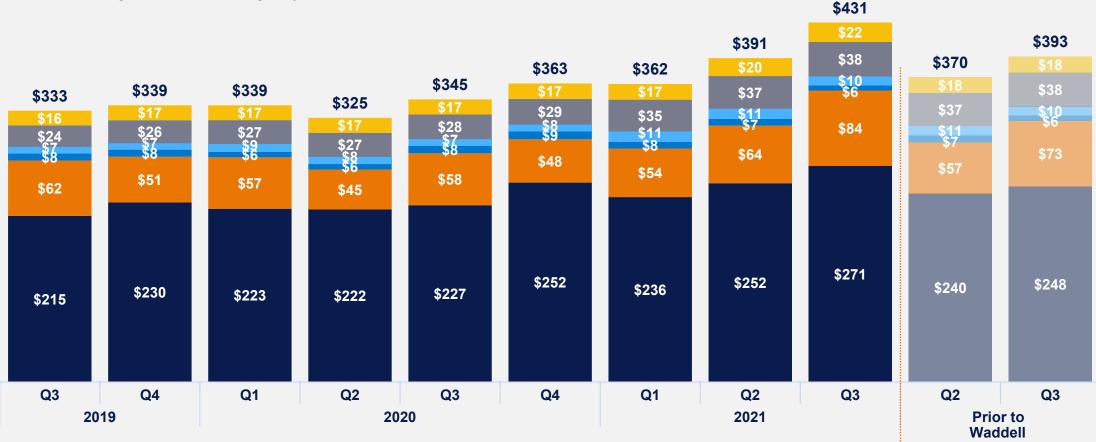


- Employee Share-based Compensation

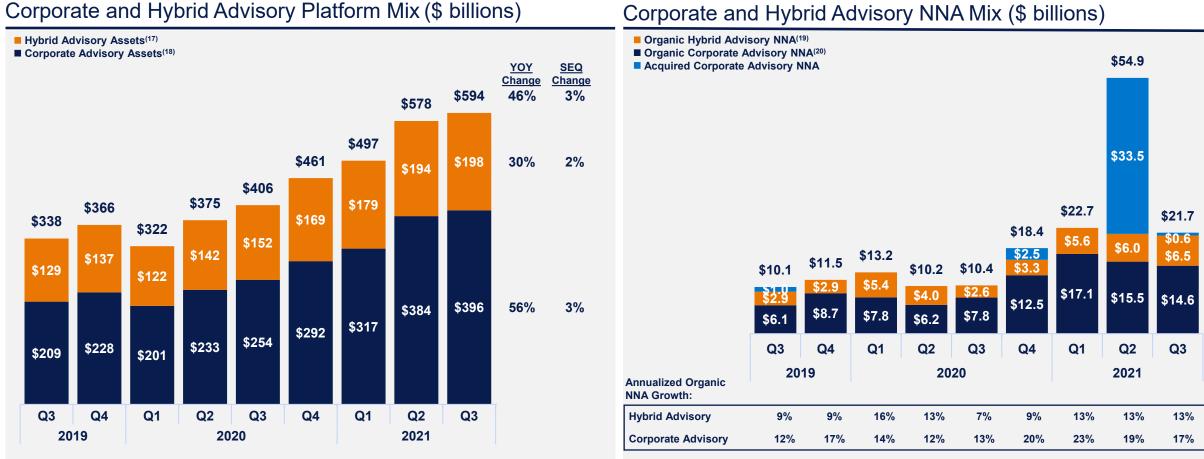
Promotional

Amortization of Intangible Assets

D&A Expense (ex Amortization of Intangible Assets) Regulatory



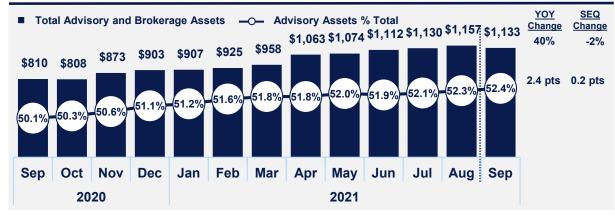
Our Corporate and Hybrid Advisory platforms continue to grow



Organic Corporate Advisory NNA (ex Large Financial Institutions) \$12.1 \$12.3

Monthly metrics dashboard through September 2021

Total Advisory and Brokerage Assets (\$ billions)



Client Cash Balances (\$ billions)



Total Net New Assets (\$ billions)



Net Buy (Sell) Activity (\$ billions)



Reconciliation

Gross Profit*

Gross profit* is a non-GAAP financial measure. Please see a description of gross profit under "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" on page 3 of this presentation for additional information.

Set forth below is a calculation of gross profit* for the periods presented on pages 5, 12, 13 and 23.

\$ in millions	Q3 2021	Q2 2021	Q1 2021	Q4 2020	Q3 2020	Q2 2020	Q1 2020	Q4 2019	Q3 2019
Total revenues	\$2,021	\$1,898	\$1,708	\$1,581	\$1,460	\$1,367	\$1,463	\$1,448	\$1,416
Advisory and commission expense	1,367	1,273	1,109	1,030	937	860	871	894	857
Brokerage, clearing and exchange fees	23	23	19	18	18	19	17	16	16
Gross Profit	\$631	\$602	\$579	\$534	\$506	\$488	\$576	\$538	\$543

Net Income to EBITDA*

EBITDA* is a non-GAAP financial measure. Please see a description of EBITDA* under "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" on page 3 of this presentation for additional information.

Below are reconciliations of the Company's net income to EBITDA* for the periods presented on page 5:

\$ in millions	Q3 2021	Q2 2021	Q1 2021	Q4 2020	Q3 2020	Q2 2020	Q1 2020	Q4 2019	Q3 2019
NET INCOME	\$103	\$119	\$130	\$112	\$104	\$102	\$156	\$127	\$132
Non-operating interest expense and other	27	25	25	25	25	26	29	31	32
Provision for income taxes	35	43	36	34	32	36	52	38	46
Depreciation and amortization	38	37	35	29	28	27	27	26	24
Amortization of intangible assets	22	20	17	17	17	17	17	17	16
EBITDA	\$225	\$243	\$243	\$217	\$205	\$207	\$280	\$239	\$250

Note: During the third quarter of 2021, the Company changed its definition of EBITDA to include the loss on extinguishment of debt and has updated prior period disclosures to reflect this change as applicable.

Reconciliation

EPS Prior to Amortization of Intangible Assets and Acquisition Costs* and Adjusted Net Income*

EPS prior to amortization of intangible assets and acquisition costs* and adjusted net income* are non-GAAP financial measures. Please see a description of EPS prior to amortization of intangible assets and acquisition costs* and adjusted net income* under "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" on page 3 of this presentation for additional information. Below are the following reconciliations of EPS prior to amortization of intangible assets and acquisition costs* and adjusted net income* and adjusted net income* for the periods presented on page 5:

	Q3	2021	Q2	2021	Q1	2021	Q4 2	2020	Q3 2	2020	Q2 2	020	Q1 :	2020	Q4 2	2019	Q3 2	019
\$ in millions, except per share data	Amount	Per Share																
Net income / earnings per diluted share	\$103	\$1.26	\$119	\$1.46	\$130	\$1.59	\$112	\$1.38	\$104	\$1.29	\$102	\$1.27	\$156	\$1.92	\$127	\$1.53	\$132	\$1.57
Amortization of intangible assets	\$22	\$0.26	\$20	\$0.24	\$17	\$0.21	\$17	\$0.21	\$17	\$0.21	\$17	\$0.21	\$17	\$0.20	\$17	\$0.20	\$16	\$0.19
Acquisition Costs	\$36	\$0.44	\$24	\$0.29	\$2	\$0.03	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.00	\$0	\$0.00
Tax benefit	(\$15)	(\$0.19)	(\$12)	(\$0.14)	(\$5)	(\$0.06)	(\$5)	(\$0.06)	(\$5)	(\$0.06)	(\$5)	(\$0.06)	(\$5)	(\$0.06)	(\$5)	(\$0.05)	(\$4)	(\$0.05)
Adjusted net income / EPS prior to amortization of intangible assets and acquisition costs	\$145	\$1.77	\$151	\$1.85	\$144	\$1.77	\$124	\$1.53	\$116	\$1.44	\$114	\$1.42	\$167	\$2.06	\$139	\$1.68	\$143	\$1.71
Diluted share count	81.8		81.7		81.6		80.9		80.6		80.1		81.2		82.7		83.8	

Core G&A* to Total Operating Expense

Core G&A* is a non-GAAP financial measure. Please see a description of Core G&A* under "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" on page 3 of this presentation for additional information. Below are reconciliations of Core G&A* to the Company's total operating expenses for the periods presented on pages 14, 17 and 24:

\$ in millions	Q3 2021	Q2 2021	Q1 2021	Q4 2020	Q3 2020	Q2 2020	Q1 2020	Q4 2019	Q3 2019
Total operating expenses	\$1,856	\$1,711	\$1,493	\$1,410	\$1,300	\$1,203	\$1,226	\$1,248	\$1,205
Advisory and commissions	1,367	1,273	1,109	1,030	937	860	871	894	857
Depreciation and amortization	38	37	35	29	28	27	27	26	24
Amortization of intangible assets	22	20	17	17	17	17	17	17	16
Brokerage, clearing and exchange expense	23	23	19	18	18	19	17	16	16
Total G&A	\$406	\$358	\$312	\$317	\$301	\$281	\$295	\$296	\$292
Promotional (ongoing) ⁽²¹⁾	84	64	54	48	58	45	57	51	62
Acquisition Costs ⁽²¹⁾	36	24	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Employee share-based compensation	10	11	11	8	7	8	9	7	7
Regulatory charges	6	7	8	9	8	6	6	8	8
Core G&A	\$271	\$252	\$236	\$252	\$227	\$222	\$223	\$230	\$215

Endnotes

(1) In April 2020, the Company updated its definition of net new assets to include dividends plus interest, minus advisory fees (see FNs 4 and 5). Net new assets figures for periods prior to Q2 2020 appearing in this presentation have been recast using the updated definition.

(2) Represents the estimated Total Advisory and Brokerage Assets expected to transition to the Company's broker-dealer subsidiary, LPL Financial LLC ("LPL Financial"), associated with advisors who transferred their licenses to LPL Financial during the period. The estimate is based on prior business reported by the advisors, which has not been independently and fully verified by LPL Financial. The actual transition of assets to LPL Financial generally occurs over several quarters including the initial quarter of the transition, and the actual amount transitioned may vary from the estimate.

(3) Reflects retention of total advisory and brokerage assets, calculated by deducting quarterly annualized attrition from total advisory and brokerage assets, over the prior-quarter total advisory and brokerage assets.

(4) Consists of total client deposits into advisory accounts (including advisory assets serviced by Allen & Company of Florida, LLC ("Allen & Company") advisors) less total client withdrawals from advisory accounts, plus dividends, plus interest, minus advisory fees (see FN 1). The Company considers conversions to and from advisory accounts as deposits and withdrawals respectively. Annualized growth is calculated as the current period organic Net New Advisory Assets divided by preceding period total Advisory Assets, multiplied by four.

(5) Consists of total client deposits into brokerage accounts (including brokerage accounts serviced by Allen & Company advisors) less total client withdrawals from brokerage accounts, plus dividends, plus interest (see FN 1). The Company considers conversions to and from brokerage accounts as deposits and withdrawals respectively. Annualized growth is calculated as the current period organic Net New Brokerage Assets divided by preceding period total Brokerage Assets, multiplied by four.

(6) Consists of existing custodied assets that converted from brokerage to advisory, less existing custodied assets that converted from advisory to brokerage.

(7) Represents those advisory assets in LPL Financial's Model Wealth Portfolios, Optimum Market Portfolios, Personal Wealth Portfolios and Guided Wealth Portfolios platforms.

(8) Consists of total client deposits into Centrally Managed Assets (see FN 7) accounts less total client withdrawals from Centrally Managed Assets accounts. Annualized growth is calculated as the current period Net New Centrally Managed Assets divided by preceding period total Centrally Managed Assets, multiplied by four.

(9) Represents the amount of securities purchased less the amount of securities sold in client accounts custodied with LPL Financial. Reported activity does not include any other cash activity, such as deposits, withdrawals, dividends received or fees paid.

(10) Represents the average month-end Total Advisory and Brokerage Assets for the period.

(11) Represents total trailing twelve-month Gross Profit* for the period, divided by average month-end Total Advisory and Brokerage Assets for the period (see FN 10).

(12) Represents total trailing twelve-month operating expenses for the period, excluding production-related expense ("OPEX"), divided by average month-end Total Advisory and Brokerage Assets for the period (see FN 10). Production-related expense includes advisory and commissions expense and brokerage, clearing and exchange expense. For purposes of this metric, operating expenses includes Core G&A*, Regulatory, Promotional, Employee Share-Based Compensation, Depreciation & Amortization and Amortization of Intangible Assets.

(13) EBIT ROA is calculated as Gross Profit ROA (see FN 11) less OPEX ROA (see FN 12).

(14) Consists of revenues from the Company's sponsorship programs with financial product manufacturers and omnibus processing and networking services, but not including fees from client cash programs. Other asset-based revenues are a component of asset-based revenues and are derived from the Company's Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

(15) Calculated by dividing revenue for the period by the average balance during the quarter.

(16) Represents operating expenses for the period, excluding production-related expense. Production-related expense includes advisory and commissions expense and brokerage, clearing and exchange expense. For purposes of this metric, operating expenses includes Core G&A*, Regulatory, Promotional, Employee Share-Based Compensation, Depreciation & Amortization and Amortization of Intangible Assets.

(17) Consists of total assets on LPL Financial's independent advisory platform serviced by investment advisor representatives of separate investment advisor firms ("Hybrid RIAs"), rather than of LPL Financial.

(18) Consists of total assets on LPL Financial's corporate advisory platform serviced by investment advisor representatives of LPL Financial or Allen & Company.

(19) Consists of total client deposits into advisory accounts on LPL Financial's independent advisory platform less total client withdrawals from advisory accounts on its independent advisory platform. Annualized growth is calculated as the current period Net New Hybrid Advisory Assets divided by preceding period total Hybrid Advisory Assets, multiplied by four.

(20) Consists of total client deposits into advisory accounts on LPL Financial's corporate advisory platform less total client withdrawals from advisory accounts on its corporate advisory platform. Annualized growth is calculated as the current period Net New Corporate Advisory Assets divided by preceding period total Corporate Advisory Assets, multiplied by four.

(21) Acquisition costs incurred during the third quarter of 2021 include the cost to setup, onboard and integrate acquired entities and are driven primarily by \$14.8 million of compensation and benefits expenses, \$12.4 million of promotional expenses, \$5.8 million of professional services expenses, and other expenses that are included in the respective line items in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income. Acquisition costs incurred during the second quarter of 2021 primarily include \$13.9 million of compensation and benefits expenses, \$6.3 million of professional services expenses, \$1.6 million of occupancy and equipment expenses, and \$1.2 million of communications expenses.